

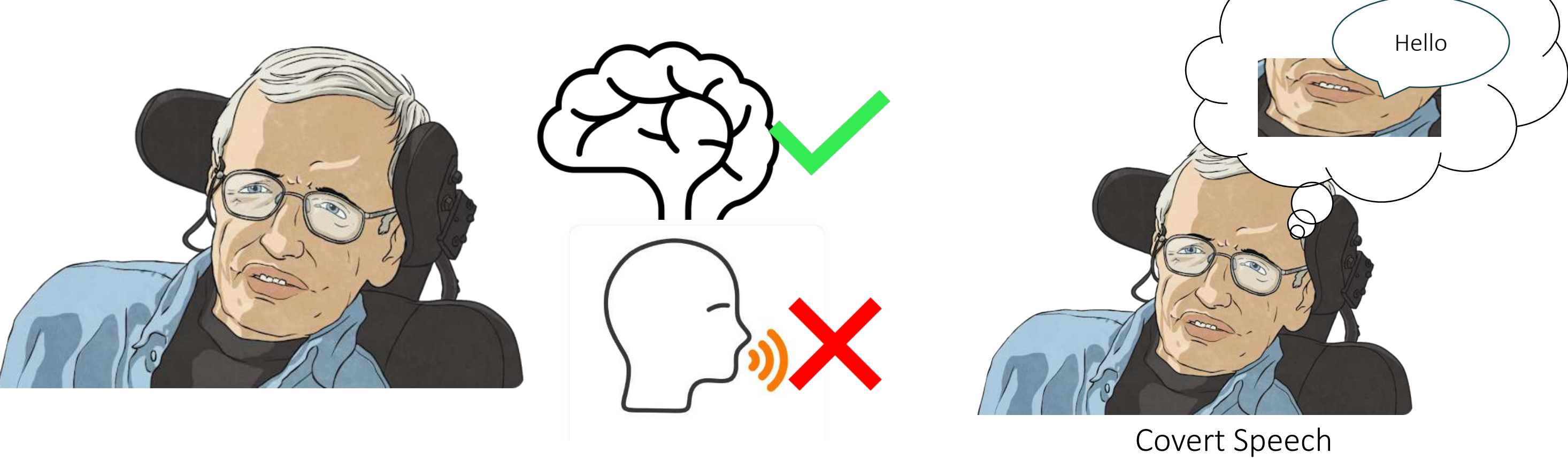
# INVESTIGATING THE FEASIBILITY OF USING NON-INVASIVE EEG SIGNALS TO DEVELOP A SPEECH NEUROPROTHESIS

Daniel Alberto Gross Ramírez<sup>1</sup>, Pablo Rodríguez San Esteban<sup>1</sup>, Owais Mujtaba Khanday<sup>2</sup>, Marc Ouellet<sup>1</sup>, José Luis Pérez Córdoba<sup>2</sup>, José Andrés González López<sup>2</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Mind, Brain and Behavior Research Center (CIMCYC), University of Granada (UGR), Granada, Spain  
<sup>2</sup>Department of Signal Theory, Telematic and Communications, University of Granada (UGR), Granada, Spain

## Introduction

In some diseases, cognitive abilities remain intact, but individuals are unable to speak (e.g., locked-in syndrome).



A solution to restore communication: Brain-Computer Interfaces (BCIs)



High performance Speech Neuroprosthesis (BCIs) with Invasive brain recordings

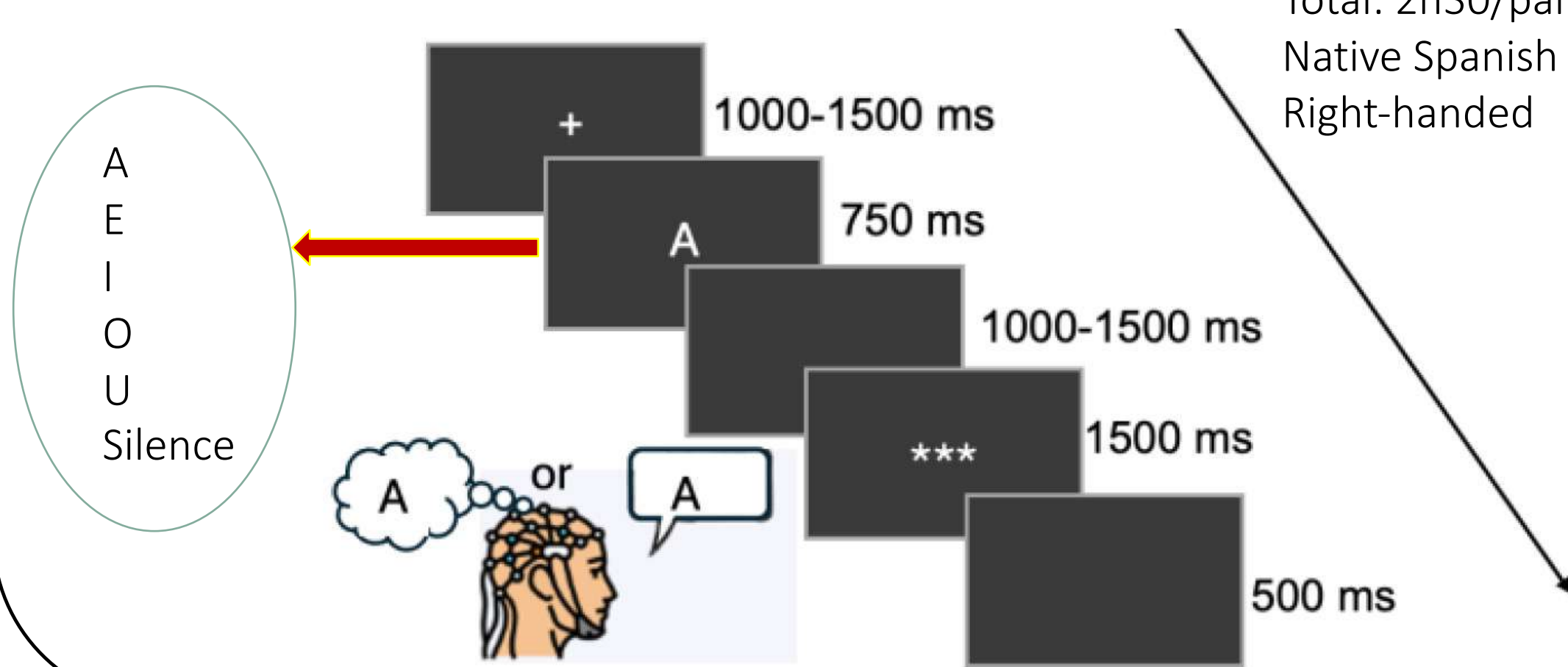
Can we achieve the same with non-invasive EEG recordings?

## Method

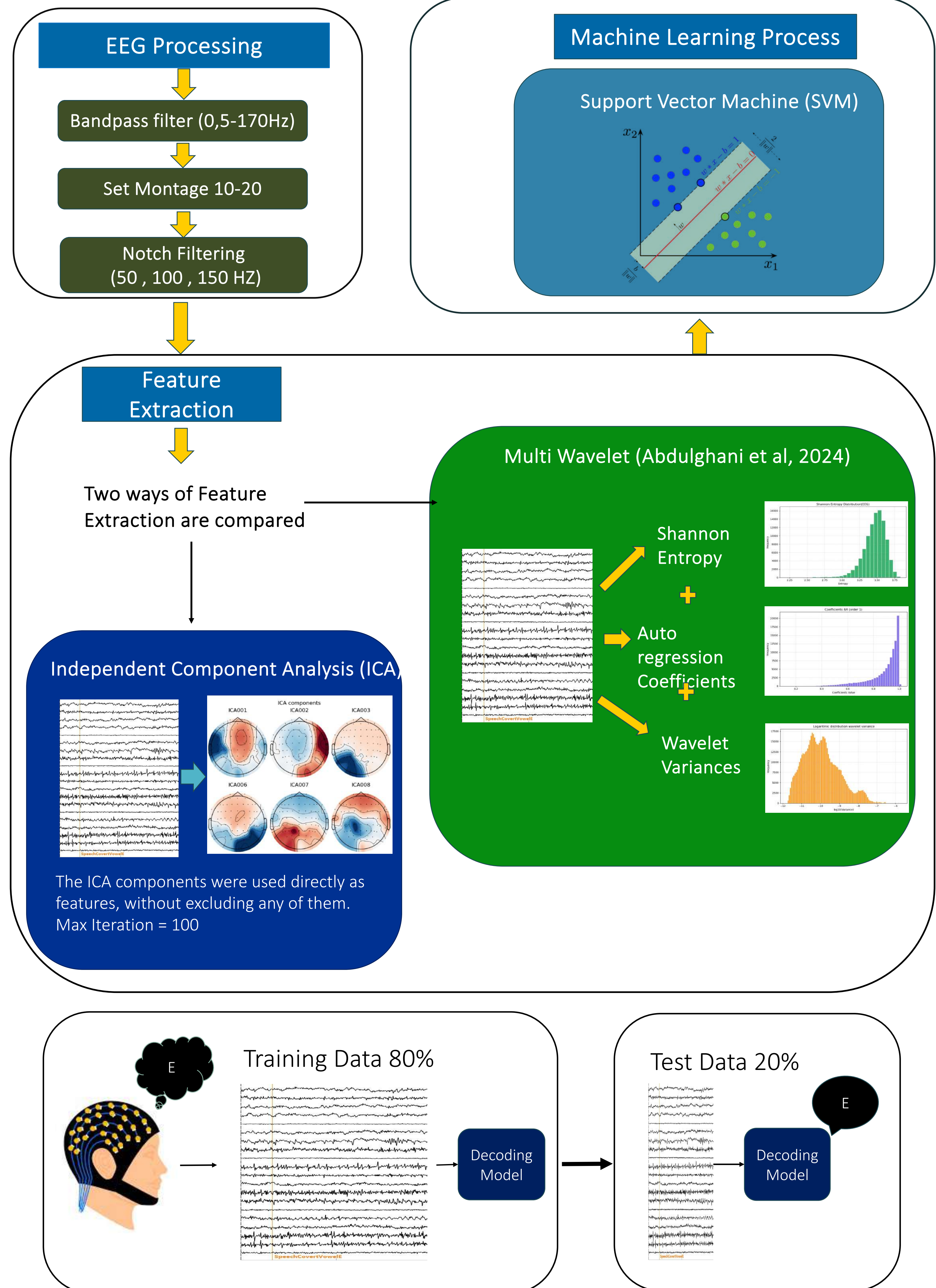
### Experimental Task

EEG actiCAP 64 channels  
Voice recording

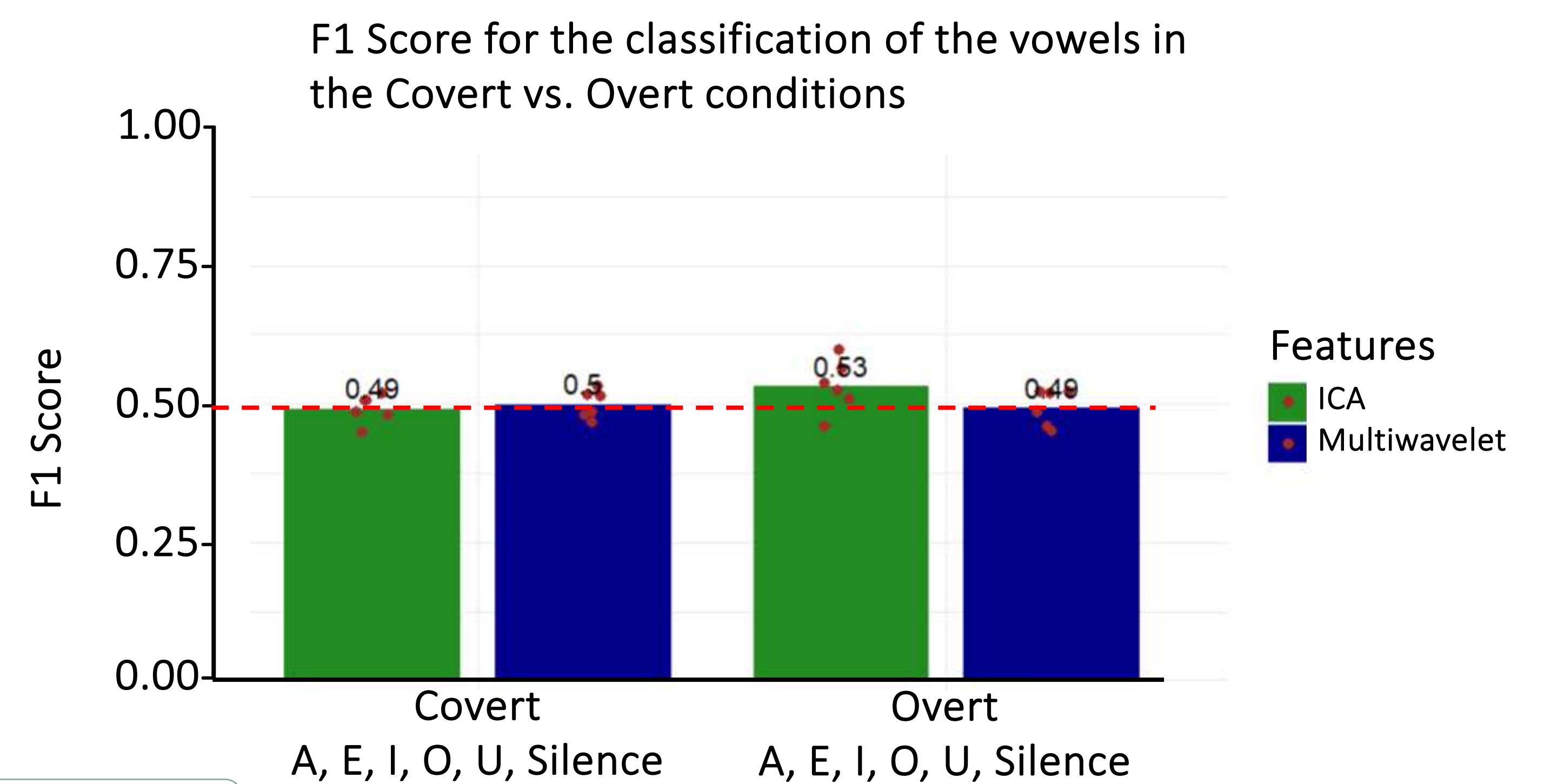
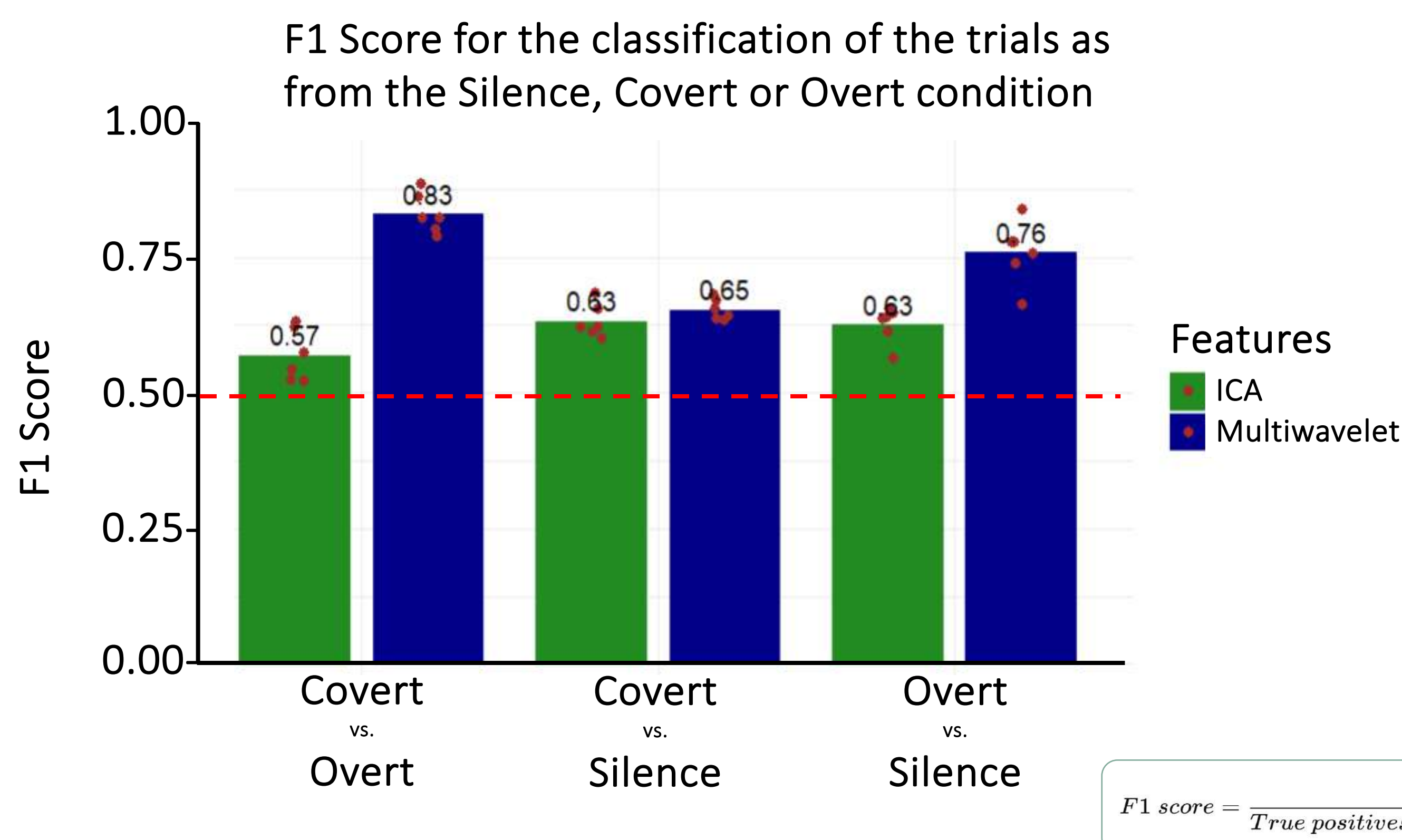
N = 6 (healthy)  
Two sessions per participant  
Total: 2h30/participant of recordings  
Native Spanish speakers  
Right-handed



## Data Processing



## Results



## Conclusions

- Identification of linguistic content (Overt vs. Silence vs. Covert classification).
  - Feature extraction methods: Multi-Wavelet > ICA.
    - Unable to decode specific vowels.
- For future research, we will compare performance using Deep Learning models for the classification process.

## References

Abdulghani, M. M., Walters, W. L., & Abed, K. H. (2024). Enhancing the classification accuracy of EEG-informed inner speech decoder using multi-wavelet feature and support vector machine. *IEEE Access* (12), 147929-147941.  
 Gonzalez-Lopez, J. A., Gomez-Alanis, A., Donas, J. M. M., Perez-Cordoba, J. L., & Gomez, A. M. (2020). Silent Speech Interfaces for Speech Restoration: A Review. *IEEE Access*, 8, 177995-178021.